

7TH REGIMENT DRILL AT VAN CORTLANDT; OTHER GUARDSMEN MARCHING WITH FULL EQUIPMENTS



7th Regiment on a hike



New York National Guard in heavy marching order

ALL STATES QUICK
IN RESPONSE TO
PRESIDENT'S CALL

Ninety Per Cent. of Massachusetts National Guard Mobilized by Noon.

RUSH IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Men in Central, Southern and Pacific Sections Hurrying to Armories.

From all over the country come reports that have but one general tenor—that the National Guard in all the States has been prompt to answer President Wilson's call.

PHILADELPHIA, June 19.—Nearly 12,000 National Guardsmen were being mobilized in Pennsylvania and Delaware to-day for border duty in accordance with the call of the War Department. Virtually the entire Guard of the three States was included in the call. Under the War Department's orders approximately 9,500 men will be mobilized in this State and should the organizations be recruited to war strength it would increase the number to about 20,000.

BOSTON, June 19.—More than 90 per cent. of the militia under orders had assembled at their armories at the appointed hour.

Massachusetts troops, in their mobilization at South Framingham, will have the benefit of first-hand information from the camps in Canada. Col. Frank A. Graves, commanding the Eighth Regiment, having been in the Dominion on special detail as observer for several weeks. He was ordered to return to-day.

Reports of the promptness of the response of the guardsmen were received from New Hampshire, Maine and Vermont.

ATLANTA, Ga., June 19.—Active preparations for National Guard mobilization were under way in the South Atlantic States to-day in response to the President's call.

Florida's National Guard was expected to be ready within a day or two.

South Carolina and Georgia were expected to be mobilized and in readiness within several days. Military enthusiasm was at a high pitch among militiamen of these three States. Officers and men gathered at their armories and officers began a campaign to-day through the newspapers to enlist their units to full strength.

Officers and men here seemed anxious for active service and the officers said that to seventy-five per cent. of the enlisted men would volunteer for any service the Federal Government might ask. Virtually the same conditions were reported from South Carolina and Florida and from other Georgia points.

Georgia's militia on its present footing was expected to mobilize approximately 8,000 men at Macon, the South Carolina militia 2,500 at a camp near Columbia, and the Florida Guard about 2,000 at a camp in Duval County.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Plans for the mobilization of the National Guard of

nearly all the States comprising the Central Department, U. S. A., for Mexican border service, were under way early to-day, according to an announcement issued from the headquarters of Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, commanding the department.

Shortly before 6 o'clock this morning Gen. Barry received instructions from the War Department which will be put into effect to-day. The headquarters remained open all night and several conferences of staff officers took place.

In Illinois National Guard circles there was unusual activity following the issuance of the order calling out all but two of the eight regiments. In Chicago, it was announced, the quota of approximately 4,000 Guardsmen from this city is expected to be on its way to the mobilization camp at Springfield within the next forty-eight hours.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 19.—Mobilization of militia is in full swing in California, Oregon, Washington, Montana and Idaho to-day. In those States approximately 9,000 National Guardsmen will be ready for service on the Mexican border within forty-eight hours, according to statements made by Adjutant Generals commanding the various forces. With a few days of recruiting it was confidently predicted that a considerable larger number would be prepared to take the field.

MISSOURI TO GIVE
AEROPLANE TO GUARD;
HAS RAISED \$10,000.

ST. LOUIS, June 19.—Albert Bond Lambert, head of the United States Aviation Reserve Corps, announced to-day that the campaign conducted by the organization for the last three months had resulted in obtaining \$10,000 with which to supply the National Guard of Missouri with an aeroplane. He said that he probably would telegraph to New York to-day ordering the latest and most efficient type of machine for the militia's use.

MOBILIZATION SMOOTH
WHITMAN IS TOLD

Governor Keeps in Close Touch by Telephone With Adjutant General and Gen. O'Ryan.

ALBANY, June 19.—Gov. Whitman, who was in telegraphic close touch with Adj. Gen. Statesbury and Major Gen. O'Ryan through the day regarding the mobilization of the Guard, said this afternoon that the machinery apparently was working smoothly on its first real test.

The Governor said that no extra session of the Legislature would be necessary to handle the situation. The State had \$50,000 available for mobilization expenses. Of this sum \$10,000 was appropriated by the Legislature, and under the act of 1914 the Governor is authorized to direct the Controller to make a loan not exceeding \$10,000 for mobilization purposes.

The Federal law provides that ten days after the mobilization have been moved from the State the National Government assumes the expenses of mobilization.

MANY FIRMS TO KEEP
GUARDSMEN ON PAYROLL

All City Employees Who Are Militiamen Receive Their Pay in Full.

On the strength of the State law passed in 1911 Mayor Mitchell to-day notified heads of departments under him to grant leaves of absence with pay to members of the National Guard and the State Naval Militia.

Several banking and business houses made announcements to-day that their employees who went out with the National Guard would receive full pay.

Arthur P. Lee, a former member of the Twenty-third Regiment, now cashier of the American Exchange National Bank, No. 128 Broadway, said to-day that six and possibly ten of the bank's employees would go to camp with the State militia, their positions being held open for them and their salaries continuing throughout their absence.

About fifty employees of the Title Guarantee and Trust Company, No. 176 Broadway, are Guardsmen, some in the New York militia and the rest in the militia of New Jersey. All will report for duty.

Members of the National Guard in New York and Pennsylvania who are employed in the stores of John Wanamaker will receive full pay if called into service. Announcement to this effect was made by Mr. Wanamaker in a circular reaching his office in Philadelphia.

Several hundred of the Wanamaker employees in this city are members of the National Guard. Almost an equal number of guardsmen are employed in the Philadelphia establishment.

BATTERY F EQUIPPING 3-INCH GUN TO-DAY

RAILROADS READY
FOR GREAT TASK OF
MOVING TROOPS

Trains Bearing Guardsmen Will Have the Right of Way Over All Lines.

The railroads of the country are ready for the greatest preparedness test in history in the moving of the militia of the country to the Mexican border.

This was the word from the officers of railroads both in the East and West to-day. Officials united in declaring that as fast as the Administration orders State troops moved they will be ready to transport them. The way will immediately be cleared for the movement of troop trains, and already the thousands of men are available.

The problem of transporting supplies may be more complicated. The Eastern roads are just emerging from a serious freight congestion, but the managers believe sufficient cars will be available to handle the additional business caused by the demands that will come from the Government for troop supplies.

"The railroads are prepared to move troops just as quickly as they are assembled," was the statement of officials of both the Pennsylvania and the New York Central railroads.

"There is plenty of passenger rolling stock available for almost instant use," it was said at the New York Central. "Trains could be made up just as quickly as called for. They would be all handicapped in the preference over every other train and could be sent across the country in record time."

"Hundreds of cars which before 1914 were used to handle the traffic in automobiles and are now on the sidetracks. There are more than enough to handle every need. Freight cars are wanted, but they are not wanted to be a little more difficult, as the railroads are just emerging from a serious freight congestion."

"The Pennsylvania Railroad," said an official, "can assemble troop trains within an hour of the time of order. They would be given preference over all other trains. Every piece of rolling stock would be available for troop use."

Reports from Chicago say that the three principal Southwestern trunk lines out of Chicago can move 45,000 troops a day if all other traffic is abandoned.

C. B. Stone, General Superintendent of Transportation of the Santa Fe, estimated these troops would be moved as follows:

By Santa Fe, 15,000; by Southern Pacific, 15,000; by Rock Island, 15,000. If other traffic is not abandoned, each road can move approximately 8,000 men a day. Stone said.

AMERICANS ORDERED
TO GET OUT OF YUCATAN

Nine Refugees From Progreso Report Persecution by the Governor.

GALVESTON, Tex., June 19.—The steamer Nile arrived here to-day from Progreso, Mexico, with nine refugees aboard, who reported that all Americans in the State of Yucatan have been ordered out by proclamation of the Mexican Government.

A copy of the proclamation was exhibited informing the Americans they must leave because the two countries are "in a state of war." The refugees say an American gunboat is at Progreso removing American citizens and that other refugees are embarking on passenger vessels.

ADMIRAL MAYO HEADS
THE ATLANTIC FLEET

Naval Officer Who Figured in Trouble With Huerta Succeeds Admiral Hetcher.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Vice Admiral H. T. Mayo succeeded Admiral Frank B. Fletcher in command of the Atlantic Fleet to-day and was sworn in to the rank of Admiral. Rear Admiral DeWitt C. Henshaw, commanding the North Atlantic division of the fleet, was advanced to the grade of Vice Admiral, succeeding Admiral Mayo. Admiral Fletcher was automatically becomes a Rear Admiral, will receive an important shore detail.

Admiral Mayo is the man who figured largely in the trouble with Huerta, in which resulted in the occupation of Vera Cruz by American troops. He was promoted to the rank of Rear Admiral in 1914.

When Gen. Villa's expedition left for Chihuahua, Mayo, before his removal to Vera Cruz, was in command of the fleet. He was in command of the fleet when the expedition left for Chihuahua.

MEXICAN FIELD GUNS
OPPOSITE LAREDO

Sixteen Pieces of Artillery and 800 Troops Opposite Texas Town.

LAREDO, Tex., June 19.—Sixteen pieces of field artillery and 800 troops of the Mexican army are reported to be in position opposite Laredo, Texas, today, according to reports received here.

The total strength of the Mexican army in the region of Laredo is estimated to be about 1,000 men. The army is reported to be in position opposite Laredo, Texas, today.

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52,000 MEN TOTAL
FIGHTING FORCE
OF GEN. CARRANZA

But There Are 3,013,595 Unorganized Civilians Who Could Bear Arms.

If Gen. Carranza called his entire Federal army into service against the United States he would have not more than 52,000 men. This was the estimate furnished to the United States War Department at the time of the Vera Cruz troubles and there has not been much of an increase since then.

Most of these troops were quartered in Mexico City, Guadalajara, Tampico, Zatecas, Mazatlan, Laredo, Guadalupe, Acapulco, Victoria, Valles and Puebla until March of this year, when the general northern movement toward the Atlantic border slowly began.

When the headquarters of Carranza were at Vera Cruz and that was the time the last estimate of Mexican fighting strength was furnished to the War Department Gen. Carranza had a force of about 25,000 men near Leon.

Gen. Pablo Gonzalez at Puebla commanded 15,000 men. Other armies of Carranza at the east and west coast numbered about 15,000. This makes a total of 25,000 troops who are reported to be faithful to the First Chief.

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ITALIANS REPULSED,
IS VIENNA'S REPORT

Objective in Montenegrin Section Checked at Prochorov.

BERLIN, June 19.—The wireless to St. Petersburg from Vienna says that the Italian troops are on the offensive in many sections of the front, but are being held in check by the Austrians. The official statement issued in Vienna on Sunday says: "The Montenegrin forces have made it impossible for Austrian troops to be withdrawn from the Italian front for service in Galicia and Bukovina."

The Russian official statement, published in the papers of Petrograd, which is admitted by Vienna, says the Montenegrin forces have made it impossible for Austrian troops to be withdrawn from the Italian front for service in Galicia and Bukovina.

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GEN. GALLIENI WAS SLAIN
BY AN OFFICER, IT IS SAID

Passengers on Lafayette Bring Story That "Savior of Paris" Was Murdered.

Passengers arriving this morning on the French Line steamer Lafayette, from Bordeaux, brought with them the interesting rumor that Gen. Gallieni, the "Savior of Paris," whose death caused gloom in France, was murdered in his room by a French officer whom he charged with treason.

This officer, said the report current on shipboard, had been summoned from Verdun and charged with negotiating with the Germans for the surrender of Verdun fortress. Soldiers outside the room in which Gen. Gallieni was cloistered with the accused man, so the story goes, heard a shot, and on rushing in found the General mortally wounded on the floor and a assassin standing over him with a smoking pistol. The alleged murderer is said to have been hurried away and his whereabouts kept secret.

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ANOTHER NOTE TO AUSTRIA.

United States Demands Ample and Reparation for Submarine Attack.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—A second note to Austria-Hungary regarding the attack on the American submarine, the USS Haddock, was received here to-day from the State Department.

The note demands ample reparation for the attack and reparation for the loss of the submarine.

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CAPTURE OF KOVEL
IS FORECASTED IN
REPORT TO BERLIN

Gen. Von Linsingen Confronted by Superior Force of Advancing Russians.

FALL OF CZERNOWITZ.

Austrians Making Stand in Front of Dnieper After Evacuation of City.

LONDON, June 19.—Heavy fighting between the Russians advancing toward Kovel and the Germans under Gen. von Linsingen is reported by the Berlin Tageblatt's correspondent at Austrian headquarters, according to an Amsterdam despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company. The Russians are in superior numbers and the despatch asserts that the Tageblatt account of the fighting is worded so as to prepare Berlin for the news of another Teutonic retreat.

The Tageblatt says that the Austrians have taken up fresh positions between Czernowitz and the Dnieper, where they are awaiting further Russian attacks. In the middle Strypa sector, on the direct line to Lemberg, the German General, Count von Bothmer, is reported to be maintaining his resistance against heavy pressure by the Russians.

BERLIN (via London), June 19.—Admission that the Russians in their offensive opposite the railroad center of Kovel are making progress is made in the official statement of the War Office to-day. The statement declares Gen. Linsingen's forces defending this portion of the line have only "partly repulsed" the Russian attacks.

PETROGRAD, June 19.—Great masses of Russian cavalrymen, the dreaded Cossacks of the Don, the Terek and the Caucasus, are driving into the rear of the retreating Austrian army below Czernowitz, the capital of Bukovina, which is now in Russian hands.

The disorganized Austrians, pushing on toward the desolate heights of the Carpathian Mountains, are being harassed hourly and are constantly compelled to turn and fight desperate rearguard actions to save themselves. These tactics are naturally delaying the retreating columns and are giving the fast advancing Russian infantry and artillery time to come up.

Military critics here profess to believe the whole of the Austrian right wing army may either be cut to pieces or taken by the Slavs in this rearguard holding.

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FALL OF CZERNOWITZ
MAY BRING ROMANIA
TO CAUSE OF ALLIES.

PARIS, June 19.—"What will Roumania do?" is the keynote and the headline on all comment in the morning newspapers on the capture of Czernowitz by the Russians.

All the newspapers agree that the diplomatic results of the fall of Czernowitz far exceed its strategic value. They point out that the city is the capital of Bukovina, the traditional province of Roumania when in the event of her joining the allies.

Bukovina has twice formed a part of Roumania and the possibility of its return to the kingdom for a third time has been eagerly seized upon by the leaders of the pro-Slav party in Roumania.

UNDEMIISHED VIOLENCE
IN RUSSIAN ATTACKS
ON GERMAN POSITIONS.

BERLIN, June 19.—Heavy fighting in Galicia and Volynia is reported in the official statement of the War Office to-day. The statement says: "On the 17th there were no events of special importance. A Russian attempt to cross the

Dniester north of Nizhynsk failed. Russian attacks against our positions east of Volynia were repulsed with undiminished violence.

GERMAN REPULSE AGAIN
ON FRONT AT VERDUN

Violent Infantry Attacks North of Hill 321 Are Beaten Off.

PARIS, June 19.—Violent German infantry attacks against French positions north of Hill 321 on the Verdun front were repulsed, according to the official statement of the War Office to-day. On the west bank of the Meuse the Germans shelled the southern slopes of Dead Man's Hill heavily.

A German attack in the region of Chattancourt was repulsed by French curtain fire and efficacious counter preparations with infantry. Two squadrons of French airmen bombarded Vouziers Barracks station, dropping sixty-one big calibre shells with good effect.

FRENCH ON OFFENSIVE
IN VERDUN SECTION;
CHECKED, BERLIN SAYS.

BERLIN, June 19 (via London).—The following statement on military operations was issued to-day by the German Army Headquarters: "In the Meuse region (Verdun front) the firing increased appreciably toward evening, and during the night it attained great intensity on Dead Man Hill and to the west of the hill, as well as in the sector of the front from 'Talaumont wood' to Fort Vaux."

"As previously reported, during the night of the 17th an enemy attack at Talaumont wood was repulsed. Yesterday further attempted attacks were frustrated by our fire. In the fighting of the past two days the French were made prisoner."

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BULGARIANS ADVANCE
NEAR GREEK FRONTIER

May Soon Clash With Allied Forces That Are Centred in Front of Salonica.

PARIS, June 19.—The Havas correspondent at Salonica telegraphed that news has just been received there that Bulgarian troops in the region of Florina and Monastir have begun an advance.

Monastir is in Southwestern Serbia near the Greek frontier. Florina is across the border about seventy-five miles west of Salonica. There has been no important fighting along this front since the conclusion of the Serbian campaign, although local engagements have taken place from time to time.

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For Constipation
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Safe and Sure

Every Night
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POS-LAM
Clears the Skin
Heals Eczema
Trust to Poslam the important task of eradicating your eczema, pimples, rash or any surface disorder and making your skin clear again. Its healing help is available handy, safely, inexpensively. Itching, stinging, angry skin cools and feels so good that you should be able to soon forget the affliction.
Poslam Soap is medicated with Poslam—the tonic soap for the skin.
For FREE SAMPLE, write to Emergency Laboratories, 32 West 25th St., New York City. Sold by all druggists.